

EU action plan: Protecting and restoring marine ecosystems for sustainable and resilient fisheries



Why this action plan?

- State of seas
- Sustainability of fisheries
- Bridge fisheries and environment worlds
- Builds on existing legislative framework for both areas



What is in the action plan?

- Improve gear selectivity & address bycatch of sensitive species
- Protect the seabed
- Transition & knowledge
- Governance



Gear selectivity and sensitive species

Why?

Sensitive or threatened species are at risk



How?

- New, innovative techniques to boost selectivity
- Set limits for incidental bycatch
- Gradual approach
 - 2023 → harbour porpoise (Baltic & Black Seas), Iberian Atlantic & common dolphin (Bay of Biscay)
 - 2024 → angel sharks, common skate, guitarfish, Maltese skate, great white shark, sand tiger shark, smalltooth sand tiger shark, spiny butterfly ray, sturgeons, marine turtles, Balearic shearwater and Mediterranean monk seal
 - **2030** \rightarrow remaining sensitive marine species
- Improve the protection of the European eel



Protecting the seabed

Why?

How?

Essential habitats



Fish nurseries & spawning areas



carbon sink



- Mid-2023 → Set limits for extent of seabed lost or adversely affected under environmental law
- Gradually phase out mobile bottom fishing in all Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) by 2030:
 - March 2024 → national measures/joint recommendations for all Natura 2000 sites under Habitats Directive protecting the seabed & marine species
 - March 2024 → outline for all MPAs & describe detailed measures for at least 20% of each Member State's marine waters
 - 2030 \rightarrow all MPAs, existing and new ones



Where to start?

Natura 2000 sites protecting the seabed and marine species (Habitats directive)







To accompany fishers:

- Actions in the CFP & Energy transition Communications
- EU funding available
- Further data collection, research & innovation



EU funding to support a smooth transition

What?

EMFAF programmes for 2021-2027 have set a high **ambition for sustainable and resilient fisheries**

 need to translate it into actions delivering concrete results

Public support empowers solutions from Member States and stakeholders

need for
collaboration to
design impactful
projects

How?

- Contribute to the sustainable management of fisheries and marine resources:
 - collect scientific data to design fisheries conservation measures and establish and manage MPAs
 - **design and implement innovative solutions** to improve gear selectivity, avoid incidental by-catch of sensitive species and lower the impact of fishing on marine ecosystems and habitats
 - manage fishing fleets towards a balance between their capacity and the available resources
 - control fishing activities to enforce the CFP, prevent illegal fishing and foster a culture of compliance
- Facilitate a gradual phasing out of mobile bottom fishing in MPAs
 - support collective strategies to organise the phasing out smoothly with all the stakeholders concerned
 - assess the socio-economic impact, by taking into account each specific situation
 - identify business alternatives (e.g. diversification to other gear or areas, or to other economic sectors)
 - provide individual advisory services and training programmes to facilitate the transition



European Commission

Thank you



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